CIPFA Prudential Indicators for Capital Finance in Local Authorities Prudential Indications and Treasury Management Indications for 2017/18 Comparison of actual results with limits

PRUDENTIAL MANAGEMENT INDICATORS

1. Actual and Estimated Capital Expenditure.

	2017/18 Estimate	2017/18 Actual
Accet and Loons	£m	£m
Asset and Loans		
Gross	12.4	8.5
Net	8.8	5.7
Commercial Investment Strategy (CIS)		
Gross	30.0	5.7
Net	30.0	5.7
Net Total	38.8	11.4

2. The proportion of the budget financed from government grants and council tax that is spent on interest and the provision for debt repayment.

2017/18	2017/18
Estimate	Actual
19.5%	9.5%

3. The impact of schemes with capital expenditure on the level of council tax.

This item is only provided to demonstrate affordability at budget setting and has already been superseded by the equivalent figure in the 2017/18 Treasury Management Strategy indicators.

4. The capital financing requirement.

This represents the estimated need for the Authority to borrow to finance capital expenditure less the estimated provision for redemption of debt (the MRP).

	2017/18	2017/18
	Estimate	Actual
	£m	£m
Assets and Loans	43.7	41.3
CIS	26.4	5.3
Total	70.1	46.6

5. Net borrowing and the capital financing requirement.

Net external borrowing as at the 31st March 2018, was £20.9m; this is £25.7m less than the capital financing requirement. Thereby confirming that the council has not borrowed for revenue purposes other than in the short-term for cash flow purposes.

6. The actual external long-term borrowing at 31 March 2017

£20.9m

7. Adoption of the CIPFA Code

The Council has adopted the 2011 edition of the CIPFA Treasury Management Code of Practice.

TREASURY MANAGEMENT INDICATORS

8. The authorised limit for external debt.

This is the maximum limit for borrowing and is based on a worst-case scenario.

	2017/18 Limit £m	2017/18 Actual £m
Short-Term	26.0	9.0
Long Term	45.0	10.0
Other long-term liabilities (leases)	6.0	0.5
Total	77.0	19.5
Long-term for loans to organisations	15.0	5.9
Plus long term borrowings to finance for CIS investment.	30	5.0
Total	122.0	30.4

9. The operational boundary for external debt.

This reflects a less extreme position. Although the figure can be exceeded without further approval, it represents an early warning monitoring device to ensure that the authorised limit (above) is not exceeded.

	2017/18 Limit £m	2017/18 Actual £m
Short-Term	26.0	9.0
Long Term	45.0	20.9
Other long-term liabilities (leases)	6.0	0.5
Total	77.0	19.5
Long-term for loans to organisations	15.0	5.9
Plus long term borrowings to finance	30	5.0
for CIS investment.		
Total	122.0	30.4

Both of these actual results reflect the fact that long term rates were not considered low enough to borrow in anticipation of need

10. Exposure to investments with fixed interest and variable interest.

These limits are given as a percentage of total investments. Investments of less than

12 months count as variable rate.

		Limits		Actual	
		Max.	Min.	As at 31.3.18	
Borrowing:					
longer than 1 year	Fixed	100%	75%	100%	
	Variable	25%	0%	0%	
Investments:					
longer than 1 year	Fixed	100%	100%	100%	
	Variable	0%	0%	0%	

11. Borrowing Repayment Profile

The proportion of 2017/18 borrowing that matured in successive periods.

Borrowing	Upper limit	Lower limit	Actual As at 31.3.18
Under 12 months	91%	0%	2%
12 months and within 24 months	91%	0%	2%
24 months and within 5 years	91%	0%	5%
5 years and within 10 years	92%	1%	5%
10 years and above	100%	8%	86%

12. Investment Repayment Profile

Limit on the value of investments that cannot be redeemed within 364 days.

	Limit	Actual	
	£m	£m	
Limit on principal invested beyond year end (31 March 2017)	34.5	0	